# 2015 年高考全国卷 2 英语试题及答案

# 第I卷

第一部分 听力 (共两节,满分 30 分) 略

第二部分 阅读理解 (共两节,满分 40 分)

Α

My color television has given me nothing but a headache. I was able to buy it a little over a year ago becaus e I had my relatives give me money for my birthday instead of clothes that wouldn'

t fit. I let a salesclerk fool me into buying a discontinued model. I realized this a day later, when I saw newsp aper advertisements for the set at seventy-five dollars less than I had paid. The set worked so beautiful whe n I first got it home that I would keep it on until stations signed off for the  $\$  night. Fortunately, I didn' t get any channels showing all-night movies or I would never have gotten to bed.

Then I started developing a problem with the set that involved static(静

电) noise. For some reason, when certain shows switched into a commercial, a loud noise would sound for a few seconds. Gradually, this noise began to appear during a show, and to get rid of it, I had to change to an other channel and then change it back. Sometimes this technique would not work, and I had to pick up the set and shake it to remove the sound. I actually began to build up my arm muscles(肌肉) shaking my set.

When neither of these methods removed the static noise, I would sit helplessly and wait for the noise to go away. At last I ended up hitting the set with my first, and it stopped working altogether. My trip to the repair shop cost me \$62, and the sit is working well now, but I keep expecting more trouble.

#### 21. Why did the author say he was fooled into buying the TV set?

A. He got an older model than he had expected.

- B. He couldn' t return it when it was broken.
- C. He could have bought it at a lower price.
- D. He failed to find any movie shows on it.

#### 22. Which of the following an best replace the phrase "signed off" in paragraph 1?

- A. ended all their programs
- B. provided fewer channels

C. changed to commercials

D. showed all-night movies

# 23. How did the author finally get this TV set working again?

- A. By shaking and hitting it
- B. By turning it on and off
- C. By switching channels
- D. By having it repaired

#### 24. How does the author sound when telling the story?

- A. Curious
- B. Anxious
- C. Cautious
- D. Humorous

# В

Your house may have an effect on your figure. experts say the way you design your home could play a role i n whether you pack on the pounds or keep them off. you can make your environment work for you instead of against you. Here are some ways to turn your home into part of your diet plan. Open the curtains and turn up the lights. dark environments are more likely to encourage overeating, for people are often less self-conscious(难为情) when they' re in poorly lit places - and so more likely to eat lots of food. If your home doesn' t have enough window light, get more lamps and flood the place with brightness. Mind the colors. Research suggests warm colors fuel our appetites. In one study, people who ate meals in a blue room consumed 33 percent less than those in a yellow or red room. Warm colors like yellow make food appear more appetizing, while cold colors make us less hungry. So when it's time to repaint, go blue. Don't forget the clock – or the radio. People who eat slowly tend to consume about 70 fewer calories(卡路里) per meal than those who rush through their meals. Begin keeping track of the time, and try to make dinner last at 30 minutes. And while you' re at it, actually sit down to eat. If you need some help slowing down, turning on relaxing music. It makes you less likely to rush through a meal. Downsize the dishes. Big serving bowls and plants can easily makes us fat. We eat about 22 percent more when using a 12-inch plate instead of a 10-inch plate. When we choose a large spoon over a smaller one, total intake(摄入) jumps by 14 percent. And we' II pour about 30 percent more liquid into a short, wide glass than a tall, skinny glass.

25. The text is especially helpful for those who care about .

# A. their home comforts

- B. their body shape
- C. house buying
- D. healthy diets

### 26. A home environment in blue can help people .

- A. digest food better
- B. reduce food intake
- C. burn more calories
- D. regain their appetites

# 27. What are people advised to do at mealtimes?

- A. Eat quickly.
- B. Play fast music.
- C.Use smaller spoons
- D. Turn down the lights

## 28.What can be a suitable title for the text?

- A. Is Your House Making You Fat?
- B. Ways of Serving Dinner
- C. Effects of Self-Consciousness
- D. Is Your Home Environment Relaxing?

# С

More students than ever before are taking a gap year(间隔

年) before going to university. It used to be the "year off" between school and university. The gap-year phen omenon originated(起

源) with the months left over to Oxbridge applicants between entrance exams in November and the start of the next academic year.

This year, 25,310 students who have accepted places in higher education institutions have put off their entry until next year, according to statistics on university entrance provided by the University and College Admissions Service (UCAS). That is a record 14.7% increase in the number of students taking a gap year. Tony Higgins from UCAS said that the statistics are good news for everyone in higher education. "Students who take a well-planned year out are more likely to be satisfied with, and complete, their chosen course. Students who take a gap year are often more mature and responsible," he said. But not everyone is happy. Owain James, the president of the National Union of Students (NUS), argued that the increase is evidence of student hardship – young people are being forced into earning money before finishing their education. "New students are now aware that they are likely to leave university up to £ 15,000 in debt. It is not surprising that more and more students are taking a gap year to earn money to support their study for the degree. NUS statistics show that over 40% of students are forced to work during term time and the figure increases to 90% during vacating periods," he said.

# 29. What do we learn about the gap year from the text?

- A. It is flexible in length.
- B. It is a time for relaxation
- C. It is increasingly popular
- D. It is required by universities

#### 30. According to Tony Higgins. students taking a gap year .

- A. are better prepared for college studies
- B. know a lot more about their future job
- C. are more likely to leave university in debt
- D. have a better chance to enter top universities

#### 31. How does Owain James feel about the gap-year phenomenon?

- A. He' s puzzled
- B. He's worried
- C. He' s surprised
- D. He' s annoyed

#### 32.What would most students do on their vacation according to NUS statistics?

A. Attend additional courses.

B. Make plans for the new term

C. Earn money for their education

D. Prepare for their graduate studies

D

Choose Your One-Day-Tours!

Tour A - Bath &Stonehenge: including entrance fees to the ancient Roman bathrooms and Stonehenge -  $\pm$  37 until 26 March and  $\pm$  39 thereafter.

Visit the city with over 2,000 years of history and Bath Abbey, the Royal Crescent and the Costume Museum, Stonehenge is one of the world's most famous prehistoric monuments dating back over 5,000 years.

Tour B - Oxford & Startford including entrance fees to the University St Mary's Church Tower and Anne Hat haway's -  $\pm$  32 until 12 March and  $\pm$  36 thereafter

Oxford: Includes a guided tour of England's oldest university city and colleges. Look over the "city of dreami ng spires(尖顶) "from St Mary' s Church Tower. Stratford: Includes a guided tour exploring much of the Shakespeare wonder.

Tour C - Windsor Castle & Hampton Court including entrance fees to Hampton Court Palace -  $\pm$  34 until 11 March and  $\pm$  37 thereafter.

Includes a guided tour of Windsor and Hampton Court, Henry VILL's favorite palace. Free time to visit Winds or Castle(entrance fees not included).With 500 years of history, Hampton Court was once the home of four Kings and one Queen. Now this former royal palace is open to the public as a major tourist attraction. Visit the palace and its various historic gardens, which include the famous maze( 迷宫)where it is easy to get lost!

Tour D -Cambridge including entrance fees to the Tower of Saint Mary the Great -  $\pm$  33 until 18 March and  $\pm$  37 thereafter.

Includes a guided tour of Cambridge, the famous university town, and the gardens of the 18th century.

# 33. Which tour will you choose if you want to see England's oldest university city?

A. Tour A

B. Tour B

C. Tour C

# D. Tour D

#### 34. Which of the following tours charges the lowest fee on 17 March?

- A. Windsor Castle & Hampton Court
- B. Oxford & Stratford
- C. Bath & Stonehenge
- D. Cambridge

# 35. Why is Hampton Court a major tourist attraction?

A. It used to be the home of royal families

B. It used to be a well-known maze

C. It is the oldest palace in Britain

D. It is a world-famous castle

#### 第二节 ((共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Training for a marathon requires careful preparation and steady, gradual increases in the length of the runs. <u>36</u>, buy the best-fitting running shoes you can find. No one can say which brand will work best for you or feel best on your feet, so you have to rely on your experience and on the feel of each pair as you shop. W hen you have found shoes that seem right, walk in them for a few days to double-check the fit. <u>37</u>. As always, you should stretch(伸展) at least ten minutes before each run to prevent injuries.

During the first week, do not think about distance, but run five minutes longer each day. <u>38</u>, it is wise to take a day off to rest. But during the next week, set a goal of at least a mile and a half per run. <u>39</u>. Aft er two weeks, start timing yourself. <u>40</u>. Depending on the kind of race you plan to enter, you can set u p a timetable for the remaining weeks before the race.

A. After six days

B. For a good marathon runner C. Before you begin your training

D. With each day, increase the distance by a half mile E. If they still feel good, you can begin running in

them

F. Time spent for preparation raises the quality of training

G. Now you are ready out a goal of improving distance and time

#### 第三部分 英语知识运用 (共两节,满分45分)

第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A, B, C和D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上 将该项涂黑。

Where do you go when you want to learn something? School? A friend? A tutor? These are all <u>41</u> places o f learning. But it may well be that the learning you really want <u>42</u> somewhere else instead. I had the <u>43</u> of seeing this first hand on a <u>44</u>.

My daughter plays on a recreational soccer team. They did well this season and so <u>45</u> a tournament, whic h normally was only for more skilled club teams. This led to some <u>46</u> experiences on Saturday as they playe d against teams <u>47</u> trained. Through the first two games, her <u>48</u> did not get one serious shot on goal. A s a parent, I <u>49</u> seeing my daughter playing her best, <u>50</u> still defeated.

It seemed that something clicked with the\_51\_between Saturday and Sunday. When they <u>52</u> for their Su nday game, they were <u>53</u> different. They had begun to integrate (融 合) the kinds of play and teamwork they had\_54\_the day before into their\_55. They played aggressively and <u>56</u> scored a goal.

It 57 me that playing against the other team was a great 58 moment for all the girls on the team. I thin k it is a general principle. 59 is the best teacher. The lessons they learned may not be 60 what they woul d have gotten in school, but are certainly more personal and meaningful, because they had to work them ou t on their own.

41. A. public B. traditional C. official D. special

42. A. passes	B. works	C. lies	D. Ends
43. A. dream	B. idea C. habit	D. chance	
44. A. trip B. holiday C. weekend D. square			
45. A. won B.	entered C	C. organized D	. watched
46. A. painful B. strange C. common D. practical			
47. A. less B. poorly C. newly D. better			
48. A. fans B.	tutors C	. class	D. team
49. A. imagined B. hated C. avoided D. missed			

50. A. if B. or C. but D. as

51. A. girls B. parents C. coaches D. viewers

52. A. dressed B. showed up C. made up D. planned

53. A. slightly B. hardly C. basically D. completely

54. A. seen B. known C. heard D. read

- 55. A. styles B. training C. game D. rules
- 56. A. even B. still C. seldom D. again
- 57. A. confused B. struck C. reminded D. warned
- 58. A. Touching B. thinking C. encouraging D. learning
- 59. A. Experience B. Independence C. Curiosity D. Interest
- 60. A. harmful to B. mixed with C. different from D. applied to

# 第Ⅱ卷

第三部分 英语知识运用(共两节,满分45分)第二节(共10小题,每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面材料,在空白处填入适当的容(1个单词)或括号单词的正确形式。

The adobe dwellings (土坯房) \_\_\_\_61\_ (build)

by the Pueblo Indians of the American Southwest are admired by even <u>62</u> most modern of architects and engineers. In addition to their simple beauty, what makes the adobe dwellings admirable is their<u>63</u> (able) to "air condition" a house without<u>64</u> (use) electric equipment. Walls made of adobe take in the heat fro m the sun on hot days and give out that heat <u>65</u> (slow) during cool nights, thus warming the house. Whe n a new day breaks, the walls have given up their heat and are now cold enough<u>66</u> (cool) the house duri ng the hot day; <u>67</u> the same time, they warm up again for the night. This cycle<u>68</u> (go) day after day: Th e walls warm up during the day and cool off during the night and are thus always a timely offset(抵 ) for the outside temperatures. As<u>69</u> (nature) architects, the Pueblo Indians figured out exactly<u>70</u> thi ck the adobe walls needed to be to make the cycle work on most days.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第二节 短文改错 (共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多 有两处。每处错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。 增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(^),并在其下面写出该 加的词。

删除:把多余的词作斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。注意:1.每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

One day, little Tony went to a shopping center with his parent. It was very crowded. Tony saw a toy on a sh op window. He liked it so very much that he quickly walked into the shop. After looks at the toy for some ti me, he turned around and found where his parents were missing. Tony was scared and begun to cry. A wom an saw him drying and telling him to wait outside a shop. Five minutes later, Tony saw parents. Mom said, "How nice to see you again! Dad and I were

terrible worried. " Tony promised her that this would never happen again.

第2节书面表达(满分25分)

假如你是华, 计划和同学去敬老院 (nursing home) 陪老人们国重阳节 (the Double Ninth Festival) 。请给外教 Lucy 写封, 邀她一同前往, 容包括:

1. 出发及返回时间;

2. 活动:包饺子、表演节目等。注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯; 3. 结语已为你写好。

Looking forward to your reply.

Yours

Li Hua